This book first describes the anatomy and imaging of the pelvic floor, then treatment of pelvic floor disorders. This is an advanced book, aimed at radiologists or clinicians involved in diagnosing and treating patients with pelvic floor disorders. This is a high quality book that will be useful to any physician involved in the care of patients with pelvic floor disorders.

(Julie Sossaman, Doody's Review Services, January, 2009). "The aim of the editors and their team of well-known experts in the field Call (212) 342-1155. Pelvic Floor Disorders: Frequently Asked Questions. Q: What is the pelvic floor? A: Both men and women have a pelvic floor. Although the pelvic floor is hidden from view, it can be consciously controlled and therefore trained, much like our arm, leg or abdominal muscles. Q: What are pelvic floor disorders? A: Pelvic floor disorders occur when the "trampoline" or "hammock" that supports the pelvic organs becomes weak or damaged. The three main types of pelvic floor disorders are: Fecal incontinence, or lack of bowel control. Pelvic organ prolapse, such as rectal prolapse, a condition in which the bowel can bulge through the anus. Obstructive defecation, or the inability to pass stool through the Radiological Imaging of the Neonatal Chest, 2nd Revised Edition (Medical R Radiology Diagnostic Imaging) (Medical Radiology Diagnostic Imaging).Second Edition. 300 PagesÂ·2008Â·15.97 MBÂ·4,646 DownloadsÂ·NewÂ·Pdftdrive.hope Give books away. Get books you want. Pelvic Floor Function and Disorder Group, Division of Gastroenterology, University of California, GI-111D, San Diego VA Health Care Center, 3350 La Jolla Village Drive, San Diego, CA 92161, USA * Corresponding author. E-mail address: rmittal@ucsd.edu (R.K. Mittal).Â Fig.11. Pelvic Floor Hiatus Captured from the 3D ultrasound images at rest and during a pelvic floor contraction: Note that with contraction the hiatus becomes smaller and the pubo-rectalis muscle moves towards the pubic symphysis. The anterior motion of the pubo-rectalis muscle compresses, anal canal, vagina and urethra against the back of pubic symphysis, which constitutes the constrictor function of pelvic diaphragm.Â Pelvic floor disorders are many and are generally lumped together. Pelvic Floor Disorders provides us with the theory behind disorders, the normal and abnormal functional issues, as well as testing and imaging methodology. Not since the classic Coloproctology and the Pelvic Floor by Henry and Swash, has there been a textbook that dealt so thoroughly with the specifics of pelvic floor diseases or disorders. The book contains everything that any starting colon and rectal surgeon will need to develop a practice in pelvic floor disorders, as well as being a reference book for those of us who have been experts in the pelvic floor for many years. The book is extremely thor